

Designation: C 1364 - 07

### Architectural Cast Stone<sup>1</sup> Standard Specification for

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C 1364; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. superscript epsilon (e) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

- sampling, testing, and visual inspection of architectural cast 1.1 This specification covers the physical requirements,
- Either wet cast or dry cast production methods may be used. facing and backup mixtures or from a homogeneous mixture 1.2 Units covered by this specification may be made from
- 1.3 Surface textures, finish, color, or other special features should be specified separately by the purchaser.
- information only. 1.4 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded the standard. The values given in parentheses are for
- bility of regulatory limitations prior to use. priate safety and health practices and determine the applicasafery concerns, if any, associated with responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appro-This standard does not purport to address all of the its use. Ĭ is the

# Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards: 2
- A 615/A 615M Specification for Deformed and Plain Carbon-Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement
- C 33 Specification for Concrete Aggregates
- C 173/C 150 Specification for Portland Cement
  173/C 173M Test Method for Air Content of Freshly
  Mixed Concrete by the Volumetric Method
- C 231 Test Method for Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Pressure Method
- C 260 Specification for Air-Entraining Admixtures for Con-
- C 426 Test Method for Linear Drying Shrinkage of Concrete Masonry Units
- C 494/C 494M Specification for Chemical Admixtures for Concrete
- C 618 Specification for Coal Fly Ash and Raw or Calcined

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C27 on Precast Concrete Products and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C27.20 on Architectural and Structural Products.

Natural Pozzolan for Use in Concrete

- C 666/C 666M Test Method for Resistance of Concrete to Rapid Freezing and Thawing
- C 979 Specification for Pigments for Integrally Concrete Colored
- C 989 Specification for Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag for Use in Concrete and Mortars
- C 1194 Test Method for Compressive Strength of Architectural Cast Stone
- C 1195 Test Method for Absorption of Architectural Cast Stone
- D 1729 Practice for Visual Appraisal of Colors and Color Differences of Diffusely-Illuminated Opaque Materials
- D 2244 Practice for Calculation of Color Tolerances and Coordinates Color Differences from Instrumentally Measured Color
- ACI Standards:
- Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete<sup>3</sup>

### Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions:
  3.1.1 cast stone, n—an architectural precast concrete build-
- zero slump concrete. ing unit intended to simulate natural cut stone.

  3.1.2 dry cast concrete products, n—manufactured from
- measurable slump concrete. 3.1.3 wet cast concrete products, n-manufactured from

## 4. Materials and Design

- ing specifications: 4.1 Raw Materials-Materials shall conform to the follow-
- Portland Cement--Specification C 150.
- requirements. 4.1.2 Aggregates—Specification C 33, except for grading
- carbon black pigment shall not be used. 4.1.3 Coloring Pigment-Specification C 979, except that
- 4.1.4 Reinforcement-Specification A 615/A 615M.
- conform to the following applicable specifications: 4.1.5 Chemical Admixtures—Chemical admixtures shall
- except for dry cast concrete products 4.1.5.1 Air Entraining Admixtures--Specification C 260.

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<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website. Hills, MI 48333. <sup>3</sup> Available from American Concrete Institute (ACI), P.O. Box 9094, Farmington

- 4.1.5.2 Water Reducing and Accelerating Admixtures—Specification C 494/C 494M.
- 4.1.5.3 Other Constituents—Integral water repellents and other chemicals for which no ASTM standard exists shall be previously established as suitable for use in concrete by proven field performance or through laboratory testing.
- 4.1.6 Ground Slag-Specification C 989.
- 4.1.7 Fly Ash or Natural Pozzolan-Specification C 618.
- 4.2 Design—Samples shall be submitted for approval of color and texture. The manufacturer shall prepare drawings for approval showing shapes, sizes, reinforcement, exposed faces, and anchorage provisions. The purchaser or his authorized representative shall approve the samples and drawings before manufacture.
- 4.3 Reinforcement:
- 4.3.1 Reinforcement shall be new billet steel reinforcing bars meeting the requirements of Specification A 615/A 615M unless specified otherwise by the purchaser.
- 4.3.2 Reinforce units when necessary for safe handling and structural stress.
- 4.3.3 Reinforcement shall be noncorrosive where faces exposed to weather are covered with less than 1.5 in. (38 mm) of concrete material. All reinforcement shall have minimum coverage of twice the diameter of the bars.
- 4.3.4 Area of reinforcement in panels greater than 24 in. (600 mm) in more than one direction shall be not less than 0.25 % of the cross section area [in that direction]. Units less than 24" (600 mm) in both their length and width dimension shall be non-reinforced unless otherwise specified.

# 5. Physical Requirements

- 5.1 Compressive Strength—At 28 days after manufacture, not less than 6500 psi (45 MPa), when tested in accordance with Test Method C 1194.
- 5.2 Absorption, Cold Water—At 28 days after manufacture, not greater than 6 %, when tested in accordance with Method A, Cold Water of Test Method C 1195.
- 5.3 Absorption, Boiling Water—At 28 days after manufacture, not greater than 10 %, when tested in accordance with Method B, Boiling Water Test of Test Method C 1195.
- 5.4 Air Content—Provide sufficient air content to meet the freeze-thaw requirements for wet cast concrete, when the air content is tested in accordance with Method C 173 or Method C 231.
- 5.5 Field Testing of cast stone shall be in accordance with Test Methods C 1194 and C 1195. Field tested specimens shall have a minimum compressive strength of 85 % with no single specimen testing less than 75 % of the design requirement as allowed by ACI 318.
- 5.6 Resistance to Freezing and Thawing:
- 5.6.1 The manufacturer shall satisfy the purchaser that the units have adequate resistance to freezing and thawing either through proven field performance of similar products made from the same materials or through laboratory testing.
- 5.6.2 If laboratory testing is required, the cast stone shall be tested using Test Method C 666, Procedure A, except the method of evaluation is to be based on cumulative percent loss in mass and not relative dynamic modulus of elasticity and durability factor (that is, do not measure the fundamental

transverse frequency during testing). Follow the procedure modifications to Test Method C 666 in 5.6.2.1 through 5.6.2.5.

5.6.2.1 After the cast stone is 14 days of age, wet-saw three 3 by 4 by 16 in. (76 by 102 by 406 mm) beams from a single sample of cast stone to represent three specimens for a single test. One surface of each beam shall be from the exposed, formed face of the sample and the remaining sides shall be saw cut. The allowable size tolerance of the specimens shall be ±1/3 in. (3 mm).

5.6.2.2 Do not oven dry the beam specimens until all testing for resistance to freezing and thawing has been completed.

out the test. total dry mass of fragments collected from the beam throughroom temperature for approximately 30 min before measuring final dry mass. The initial dry mass of each specimen is considered to be the final dry mass of the specimen plus the mass due to drying is not more than 0.1 % in 48 h of drying temperature of 212 to 230°F (100 to 110°C) until the loss in cumulatively for each specimen throughout the test until 300 They shall be removed from the oven and allowed to cool at whichever occurs first. Specimens shall then be oven dried at a cycles are completed or the mass lost is at least 10 %, than 0.2 % in 2 h of drying. Record the data individually and mine its mass until the loss in mass due to drying is not more For each specimen, oven dry the spalled material and deterspecimen individually to monitor loss in mass during testing collect the fragments caused by freeze-thaw cycling from each Procedure A. Inspect each specimen every 30 to 36 cycles and subjection to freezing and thawing. Subject each specimen to freezing and thawing as described in Test Method C 666, water at 73.4 ± 5.6.2.3 Submerge each beam specimen in lime-saturated  $3^{\circ}F$  (23  $\pm$  1.7°C) at least 24 h prior to

5.6.2.4 Calculate the cumulative percent mass loss (CPWL) for each beam specimen as follows:

CPWL (Beam), % = 
$$\frac{S}{S+B} \times 100$$
 (1)

where:

CPWL (Beam) = cumulative percent mass loss,

total dry mass of spalled material, andoven dried beam mass at the end of the

5.6.2.5 Calculate the CPWL for the sample. The CPWL of the sample is the average CPWL (Beam) of the three specimens.

5.6.2.6 It is not possible to specify the precision of the procedure in this specification for freeze-thaw because data is not yet available. Since there is no accepted reference material suitable for determining the bias of results of this test, no statement on bias is being made.

5.6.3 The CPWL shall be less than 5 % after 300 cycles of freezing and thawing.

5.7 Linear Drying Shrinkage—Shall not exceed 0.065 % when tested in accordance with Test Method C 426.

# 6. Dimensions and Permissible Variations

6.1 Cross section dimensions shall not deviate by more than  $\pm \frac{1}{16}$  in. (3 mm) from approved dimensions.



6.2 Length of units shall not deviate by more than length/  $360 \text{ or } \pm \frac{1}{6} \text{ in. (3 mm)}$ , whichever is greater, not to exceed  $\pm \frac{1}{6} \text{ in. (6 mm)}$ .

# 7. Sampling and Testing

- 7.1 Sample and test units from each 500 ft<sup>3</sup> (14 m<sup>3</sup>) of cast stone in accordance with Test Methods C 1194 and C 1195.
- 7.1.1 If laboratory testing is required for resistance to freezing and thawing, sample and test one unit from each cast stone mixture design in accordance with 5.6.
- 7.2 Visually examine units in accordance with Section 8.
- 7.3 Visually examine color differences between units and the approved sample under daylight illumination as defined under Spectral Power Distribution in paragraph 5.1.1.1 of Practice D 1729.
- 7.4 Instrumentally examine color differences, if required, in accordance with Test Method D 2244.

### 8. Visual Inspection

- 8.1 All surfaces intended to be exposed to view shall have a fine-grained texture similar to natural stone, with no air voids in excess of 1/32 in. (0.8 mm) and the density of such voids shall be less than three occurrences per any 1 in. 2(25 mm²) and not obvious under direct daylight illumination from a 5-ft (1.5-m) distance, unless otherwise specified.
- 8.2 Minor chipping resulting from shipment and delivery shall not be grounds for rejection. Minor chipping shall not be obvious under direct daylight illumination from a 20-ft (6-m) distance.

- 8.3 Units shall exhibit a texture approximately equal to the approved sample when viewed under direct daylight illumination at a 10-ft (3-m) distance.
- 8.4 The occurrence of crazing or efflorescence shall not constitute a cause for rejection.

# 9. Permissible Variation in Color

- 9.1 Total Color Difference—Not greater than 6 units from the approved sample or between units of comparable age subjected to similar weathering when tested in accordance with the color difference equation in paragraph 6.2.1 of Test Method D 2244.
- 9.2 Hue Difference—Not greater than 2 units from the approved sample or between units of comparable age subjected to similar weathering when tested in accordance with the color difference equation in paragraph 6.2.7 of Test Method D 2244.

### 10. Rejection

- 10.1 If the shipment fails to conform to physical or visual requirements in Sections 5 and 7, the manufacturer may recall the shipment, sort it, and new specimens shall be selected by the purchaser and tested at the expense of the manufacturer. If the second set of specimens fails to conform to the test requirements, the entire shipment shall be rejected.
- 10.2 Units shall be visually inspected and tested prior to installation.

### 11. Keywords

11.1 architectural cast stone; precast building unit; simulate natural stone

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